

S4 Figure. Dynamin2 specifically regulates Rap1 activation in human resting CD4\* T cells and also is essential for sustaining permanent Rap1 activity and adhesion-dependent motility in effector T cells. (A) Phosphorylation states of Erk1/2 and Akt were analyzed in human resting CD4\* T cells. Either DMSO or dynasore was added to the cells. If indicated, the lymphocytes were stimulated with 50ng/ml PMA for 15min and/or were plated on VCAM-1-Fc/ICAM-1-Fc coated surfaces. (B-C) Biochemical pull-downs of Rap1-GTP via immobilized GST-Ral-GDS-RBD were analyzed using western blotting. If indicated, cells were treated with either DMSO as a control or dynasore to inhibit dynamin2 activity. Cell lysates were generated from (B) primary resting human CD4\* T cells, which were stimulated with anti-CD3/CD28 coated beads (1:1 ratio to cells) for 2min if indicated, and from (C) activated CD4\* effector T cells (72h stimulated with anti-CD3/CD28) which were in no contact to stimulating antibodies for several hours before the experiment was carried out. (D-I) Analysis of the unstimulated motility of CD4\* effector T cells on a 2D surface coated with either (D-F) ICAM-1-Fc or (G-I) VCAM-1-Fc. The lymphocytes were tracked over 30min. Migration tracks as well as calculated accumulated distances and average velocities are depicted. \*\*\*P≤0.001.